

ERIC GIBSON

# County of San Diego

#### DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

March 18, 2010

# CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Title; Project Number(s); Environmental Log Number:

Via Salvador Minor Subdivision, Tentative Parcel Map, TPM 21086 3200 21086 (TPM )/3910 07-098-08 (ER)

- Lead agency name and address:
   County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use
   5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B,
   San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Contact: Marisa Smith, Project Manager
  - b. Phone number: (858) 694-2621
  - c. E-mail: Marisa.Smith@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The proposed project is located approximately ¼ mile east of the intersection of Via Salvador and Mac Tan Road, in the Valley Center Community Planning area, within the unincorporated area of the County of San Diego (APN 188-321-22-00).

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page, Grid 1071/A7

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Michael L. Benesh, 2080 Wineridge Pl, Escondido, CA 92029

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Valley Center Community Planning Area

Land Use Designation: 17 (Estate Residential)

Density: 1 du/2,4 acres

7. Zoning

Use Regulation:A70Minimum Lot Size:2 acresSpecial Area Regulation:None

- 8. Description of project: The project is a minor residential subdivision proposing to subdivide a 4.44 acre parcel into two (2) lots. The project site is located on Via Salvador, approximately .25 miles east of Mac Tan Rd in the Valley Center Community Planning Group, within unincorporated San Diego County. The site is subject to the General Plan Regional Category 1.3 (EDA) Estate Development Area, Land Use Designation 17 (Estate Residential). Zoning for the site is A70, Limited Agriculture. The site is currently vacant. The project has access from Mac Tan Rd, a Major Circulation Element road, to the boundary of the subject property via an existing private road and utility easement, Via Salvador. The project would be served by on-site septic systemand water from the Valley Center Municipal Water District. Extension of water utilities will be required "as needed" for fire protection of the project. Earthwork will consist of cut and fill of 900 cubic yards of material.
- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting: Lands surrounding the project site are used for light agriculture and residential. The topography of the project site and adjacent land is relatively flat to rolling hills. The site is located more than 9 miles east of Interstate 15, and approximately 4.5 miles south of Highway 76.
- 10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Minor Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Parcel Map Modification	County of San Diego
Tentative Parcel Map	County of San Diego
Amendment of Conditions	
Expired Map	
Revised Map	
Time Extension	
County Right-of-Way Permits	County of San Diego
Construction Permit	
Excavation Permit	
Encroachment Permit	
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Grading Permit Plan Change	
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
Map Modification	County of San Diego
Septic Tank Permit	County of San Diego
401 Permit - Water Quality Certification	Regional Water Quality Control
	Board (RWQCB)

Printed Name

General Construction Storm water Permit	RWQCB
Water District Approval	Valley Center Water District
Fire District Approval	Valley Center Fire Districts

**ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:** The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. ☐ Agricultural Resources □ Aesthetics □ Air Quality ☑ Biological Resources ☐ Cultural Resources ☐ Geology & Soils ☐ Hydrology & Water ☐ Land Use & Planning ☐ Hazards & Haz. Materials Quality □ Noise ☐ Mineral Resources ☐ Population & Housing ☐ Public Services ☑ Transportation/Traffic □ Recreation ☐ Utilities & Service ☑ Mandatory Findings of Significance **Systems DETERMINATION:** (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation: On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.  $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. March, 18 2010 Signature Date Marisa Smith Land Use/Environmental Planner

Title

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

	THETICS Would the project: Have a substantial adverse effect on a s	cenic	vista?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Scenic natural as a sco one per	is a view from a particular location or covistas often refer to views of natural land and developed areas, or even entirely cenic vista of a rural town and surroundingson may not be scenic to another, so the vista must consider the perceptions of a	ds, bu of deve og agri oe asse	t may also be compositions of eloped and unnatural areas, such cultural lands. What is scenic to essment of what constitutes a
individu not adv	ns that can be seen within a vista are vital visual resources or the addition of stresely affect the vista. Determining the and the changes to the vista as a whole a	ucture level (	es or developed areas may or may of impact to a scenic vista requires
commu 2007, th and will that wo	nact: The project site is located over 9 reprintly of Valley Center. Based on a site was proposed project is not located near of not substantially change the compositional adversely alter the visual quality or ded project will not have an adverse effect	isit by or with on of a charac	Michelle Conners on August 31, nin, or visible from, a scenic vista an existing scenic vista in a way eter of the view. Therefore, the
The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic vista because the proposed project viewshed and past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated to determine their cumulative effects. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the scenic vista's viewshed and will not contribute to a cumulative impact because the surrounding area contains rural residential uses on parcels similar to the sizes proposed on this project. Therefore, the project will not result in adverse project or cumulative impacts on a scenic vista.			
,	Substantially damage scenic resources, putcroppings, and historic buildings with		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a

scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

**No Impact:** Based on a site visit completed by Michelle Conners on August 31, 2007, the proposed project is not located near or visible within the composite viewshed of a State scenic highway and will not damage or remove visual resources within a State scenic highway. The project site is located over nine miles from Interstate 15, and is not visible from the I-15 viewshed, due to intervening rolling hills. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

C)	surroundings?	I char	acter or quality of the site and its
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as single-family residential with some limited agricultural use.

The proposed project is a Tentative Parcel Map for a two-lot residential subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: The proposed minor residential subdivision is similar to the surrounding development and existing single-family residential viewshed. The nearest scenic highway is I-15, approximately 9.3 miles to the west and is not visible from the project site.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: similar lot sizes within surrounding area, single-family residential use within project vicinity, and similar bulk and scale of the proposed residence in conjunction with the surrounding residences. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	re, which would adversely affect	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes a minor residential subdivision, which may include outdoor lighting. Any future outdoor lighting pursuant to this project shall be required to meet the requirements of the County of San Diego Zoning Ordinance (Section 6322-6326) and the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115).				
views develo Depai use pl obser and m stand accep issuar buildir projec compl source	roject will not contribute to significant curbecause the project will conform to the Loped by the San Diego County Department of Public Works in cooperation with lanners from San Diego Gas and Electric vatories, and local community planning a minimize the impact of new sources light pards in the Code are the result of this colletable level for new lighting. Compliance and permits ensures that this project in corbinate with the Code ensures that the project will not contribute to a cumulatively colliance with the Code ensures that the project of substantial light or glare, which would in the area, on a project or cumulative legister.	ight Pant of Found of Found spoollution aboration Manabinatinsider in the control of the control of Foundation in the control of the control of Foundation in the	ollution Code. The Code was Planning and Land Use and ing engineers, astronomers, land mar and Mount Laguna onsor groups to effectively address on on nighttime views. The tive effort and establish an he Code is required prior to datory compliance for all new ion with all past, present and future able impact. Therefore, ill not create a significant new	
II. AC	GRICULTURAL RESOURCES Would t	he pro	ject:	
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Importance (Important Farmland), as she the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Fagency, or other agricultural resources,	own o Progra	n the maps prepared pursuant to mof the California Resources	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

**Less Than Significant Impact**: The project site has a small portion of land designated as Unique Farmland according to the State Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). However, there is no evidence of agricultural use on the project site since the year 2000, which is four years prior to the last FMMP mapping date. In order to qualify for the Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance designations, land must have been cropped at some time during the four years prior to the last FMMP mapping date. Given the lack of agricultural use on the site, the

b)

designation of this area as Unique Farmland by the State is likely misapplied as a result of the large scale of the Statewide mapping effort which assigns Farmland designations based on aerial photography and limited ground verification. In addition, the proposed project site does not contain Prime Farmland Soil nor Farmland of Statewide Important Soil. Therefore, due to the lack of historic agricultural use at the project site, the site does not meet the definition of an agricultural resource and no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
which to res a peri agricu Contr	Than Significant Impact: The project so is considered to be an agricultural zone, alt in a conflict in zoning for agricultural unitted use in A70 zones and will not creatilitural use. Additionally, the project site's act. Therefore, there will be no conflict with a contract.	Howese, be te a co land i	ever, the proposed project will not ecause single-family residences are onflict with existing zoning for s not under a Williamson Act
c)	Involve other changes in the existing en nature, could result in conversion of Impresources, to non-agricultural use?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The surrounding area to the project site within radius of one mile has agricultural operations such as citrus/avocado orchards and row and field crops. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by Jarrett Ramaiya, Agricultural Specialist, Lands designated as Unique Farmland, and was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance or active agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: Active agricultural operations in the surrounding area are already interspersed with single family residential uses and the proposed use would not significantly change the existing land uses in the area, resulting in a change that could convert agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use. The addition of two residences would not introduce a change in the existing environment that could affect current land uses such as agricultural. In addition, the proposed project site does not contain Prime Farmland Soil, Farmland of Statewide Important Soil, Agricultural Preserves or Agricultural Contract Lands.

Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

**III. AIR QUALITY** -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions		,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes development that was anticipated in SANDAG growth projections used in development of the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the project will result in emissions of ozone precursors that were considered as a part of the RAQS based on growth projections. As such, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, the operational emissions from the project are below the screening levels, and subsequently will not violate ambient air quality standards.			
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contri projected air quality violation?	bute s	ubstantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes minor residential subdivision of 4.4 acres into 2 parcels for single family homes. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, temporary and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 24 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the guidelines for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable not which the project region is non-attainment ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precur	nt und eleasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM<sub>10</sub>) under the CAAQS. O<sub>3</sub> is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM<sub>10</sub> in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM<sub>10</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and also as the result of increase of traffic from project implementation. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, localized and temporary resulting in PM<sub>10</sub> and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 24 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are

below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any  $O_3$  precursors.

d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al pollu	tant concentrations?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Grade house in air	eality regulators typically define sensitive re), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day individuals with health conditions that we quality. The County of San Diego also cotors since they house children and the ele	y-care ould be onside	centers, or other facilities that may adversely impacted by changes
Augus radius signifi gener	Than Significant Impact: Based a site visit st 31, 2007, no sensitive receptors have be determined by the SCAQMD in which the cant) occur of the proposed project. Furticate significant levels of air pollutants. As tive populations to excessive levels of air	een ic e dilut her, th such,	lentified within a quarter-mile (the ion of pollutants is typically e proposed project will not the project will not expose
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a se	ubstar	ntial number of people?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project could produce objectionable odors, which would result from volatile organic compounds, ammonia, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, methane, alcohols, aldehydes, amines, carbonyls, esters, disulfides dust and endotoxins from the construction and operational phases. However, these substances, if present at all, would only be in trace amounts (less that  $1 \, \mu g/m^3$ ). Subsequently, no significant air quality – odor impacts are expected to affect surrounding receptors. Moreover, the affects of objectionable odors are localized to the immediate surrounding area and will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable odor.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project
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a)	on any species identified as a candidate local or regional plans, policies, or regul Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	e, sens	sitive, or special status species in s, or by the California Department of
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
V	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records and a Biological Resources Report (Cummings and Associates, October 12, 2009), the site supports the following habitat types that will be impacted as a result of this project: 2.2 acres of southern mixed chaparral, 1.3 acres of non-native grassland, 0.4-acre of disturbed land, and 0.5-acre of developed land equivalent to approximately 4.4 acres total and an addition 0.37-acre of offsite road improvements. No sensitive plants or animals were observed or expected to occur on the project site.

The 2.2 acres of onsite impact to southern mixed chaparral, and 1.3 acres of onsite impact and 0.07-acre of offsite impact to non-native grassland will be mitigated offsite with southern mixed chaparral equivalent to 1.8 acres in the Northern Foothills Ecoregion. Prior to onsite legal land disturbance (agricultural activities – avocado orchards), the site historically was southern mixed chaparral habitat. Therefore it is within reason to mitigate the non-native grassland with the above mentioned habitat type. In addition, the project will be conditioned such that no brushing, clearing and/or grading will be allowed on the project site during the breeding season of migratory birds occurring between February 15<sup>th</sup> and August 31<sup>st</sup>.

County staff reviewed the past, present, and probable future projects as listed in Section XVII(b) and has determined that the cumulative loss of southern mixed chaparral and non-native grassland habitat may cause a significant impact on candidate, sensitive, or special status species. However, this project's contribution to the cumulative habitat loss of 2.2 acres of southern mixed chaparral and 1.4 acres of non-native grassland will be less than cumulatively considerable because the project will mitigate for 1.8 acres of southern mixed chaparral habitat within the Northern Foothills Eco-region. The offsite mitigation location will be located in biologically-viable habitat that contributes to the preservation of candidate, sensitive, or special status species

Therefore, staff has determined that although the project will impact 2.2 acres of southern mixed chaparral and 1.4 acres of non-native grassland, implementation of the mitigation measure described above will ensure that the project will not result in substantial adverse effect, or have a cumulatively considerable impact to these species.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on an natural community identified in local or rethe California Department of Fish and G	egion	al plans, policies, regulations or by
<ul><li>☐ Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>✓ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Less than Significant with Mitigation Incodirectly impact 2.2 acres of southern mixed grassland. Southern mixed chaparral and sensitive natural community within San Diegabove, direct, indirect and cumulative impidentified in the County of San Diego Resource Game Code, and Endangered Species Act are the implementation of offsite habitat acquisition	chap non- go Co pacts e Prof e cons	arral and 1.4 acres of non-native native grassland is considered a unty. As detailed in response 1) to sensitive natural communities tection Ordinance, MSCP, Fish and
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on fed Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (incl pool, coastal, etc.) through direct remove other means?	luding	, but not limited to, marsh, vernal
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of the C (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive and a Biological Resources Report (Cumming proposed project site does not contain any we Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, water of the U.S., that could potentially be hydrological interruption, diversion or obstr Therefore, no direct, indirect, or cumulative in Section 404 of the Clean Water Act in which jurisdiction over.	Matrix s and etland marsh impact ruction npacts	of Sensitive Species, site photos, Associates, October 12, 2009), the s as defined by Section 404 of the n, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or sted through direct removal, filling, by the proposed development is will occur to wetlands defined by
d) Interfere substantially with the movemer or wildlife species or with established na corridors, or impede the use of native wi	ative re	esident or migratory wildlife
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, and a Biological Resources Report (Cummings and Associates, October 12, 2009), County staff has determined that the site has been historically disturbed by past legal land disturbances (area has historically been used for agricultural orchard operations) and contains remnant and recovering southern mixed chaparral habitat and non-native grassland habitat. In addition, the site is located adjacent to existing agricultural activities and rural residential development that is surrounded to the north, south, east, and west with no evidence of wildlife utilizing the site for movement, dispersal, or as a nursery. Therefore, the project would not interfere with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites.

e)	Conflict with the provisions of any adopte Communities Conservation Plan, other a conservation plan or any other local police resources?	approv	red local, regional or state habitat
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Biolog approv draft 1 suppo Ordina of San	than Significant Impact: The project is ical Mitigation Ordinance (BMO) becaused Multiple Species Conservation Progratorth County MSCP, Pre-Approved Miter to coastal sage scrub habitat that is suance. In addition, wetlands and sensitive Diego's Resource Protection Ordinance	ise th am (M igatior ibject e habi (RPC	e project is not located within an (ISCP) and is located outside of the Area (PAMA), nor does the site to the Habitat Loss Permit (HLP) tat lands as defined by the County of the county

Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist dated March 18, 2010 for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP), Special Area Management Plans (SAMP), or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the MSCP, BMO, RPO, HLP.

# **V. CULTURAL RESOURCES** -- Would the project:

a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in as defined in 15064.5?	the si	gnificance of a historical resource
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on October 31, 2007, it has been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. The results of the survey are provided in a cultural resources report titled, "Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 21086, Log No. 07-09-008 – Via Salvador; APN 188-321-22-00 Negative Findings", dated November 8, 2007, prepared by Gail Wright

b)		Cause a substantial adverse change in tesource pursuant to 15064.5?	he sig	nificance of an archaeological		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
	Ш	Incorporated	V	No impact		
Sar that sur Sur	<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on October 31, 2007, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources. The results of the survey are provided in an archaeological survey report titled, "Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 21086, Log No. 07-09-008 – Via Salvador; APN 188-321-22-00 Negative Findings", dated November 8, 2007, prepared by Gail Wright.					
Res with adja gra	sourd nin a acen ding	enducted a records search of the surrounces Inventory System (CHRIS). Twenty one mile radius and 14 sites were ident to the subject property. Because the site is proposed (900 cubic yards of cut, 50 d), no grading monitoring is required.	-three tified; site is	studies have been conducted although none of these sites are extensively disturbed, and minimal		
Am and kno lette con 200	erica I indi wled er wa sulta 17.	American Consultation: No Sacred Landan Heritage Commission (NAHC). Staff ividuals provided by the NAHC to furthedge of Sacred Lands occurring on the stas received from the Soboba Band of Luation and copies of the archaeological reflee Soboba Band will have an opportunitie public review period.	conta r inves ubject uisence port,	cted the Native American groups stigate whether they have parcels. A response to the County Indians requesting further which was sent out November 8,		
c)		Directly or indirectly destroy a unique ge	ologic	feature?		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		

San Diego County has a variety of geologic environments and geologic processes which generally occur in other parts of the state, country, and the world. However,

some features stand out as being unique in one way or another within the boundaries of the County.

**No Impact:** The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been listed in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Unique Geology Resources nor does the site support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features.

d)		Direct	ly or indirectly destroy a unique pa	leonto	ological resource or site?
]		Less	entially Significant Impact s Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
the	proj	ect is	A review of the County's Paleonto located entirely on plutonic igneous sil remains.	_	•
e)			b any human remains, including th teries?	ose ir	nterred outside of formal
[		Pote	entially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
[			s Than Significant With Mitigation prorated	$\checkmark$	No Impact
San that inclu hum repo	Die the ude an ort ti Sal	ego st proje a fori rema itled, vadoi		Octobe ains be al resc provid at for:	ources that might contain interred led in an archaeological survey TPM 21086, Log No. 07-09-008 –
			GY AND SOILS Would the proje		
a)			se people or structures to potential floss, injury, or death involving:	subst	antial adverse effects, including the
	i		Rupture of a known earthquake fa Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Z for the area or based on other sul Refer to Division of Mines and Ge	oning ostant	Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault?
[		Pote	entially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
[			s Than Significant With Mitigation	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

**No Impact:** The project is not located in a fault rupture hazard zone identified by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California, or located within any other area with substantial evidence of a known fault. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known hazard zone as a result of this project.

trong seismic ground shaking?					
han Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Less Than Significant Impact: The project is located within 5 kilometers of the centerline of a known active-fault zone as defined within the Uniform Building Code's Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California. To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements Chapter 16 Section 162- Earthquake Design as outlined within the California Building Code. Section 162 requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved by a County Structural Engineer before the issuance of a building or grading permit. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking as a result of this project.					
eismic-related ground failure, ind	cludin	g liquefaction?			
	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact			
•		No Impact			
ea" as identified in the County Gazards. A Geotechnical Report pc., on file with the Department of Review Number 07-09-008, has a low susceptibility to settlement of potentially significant impact	Suideli orepar f Plan deter nt and	nes for Determining Significance ed by Vinje & Middleton ning and Land Use as mined that the project on-site liquefaction. Therefore, there will the exposure of people or			
andslides?					
ially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact			
3		No Impact			
	ially Significant Impact han Significant With Mitigation orated  nificant Impact: The project is known active-fault zone as defined Active Fault Near-Source Zone wildings and structures, the project-Chapter 16 Section 162- Earthing Code. Section 162 requires of mendations to be approved by a building or grading permit. The fact from the exposure of people of smic ground shaking as a result eismic-related ground failure, including Significant Impact han Significant With Mitigation orated  nificant Impact: The project size as identified in the County Grazards. A Geotechnical Report packed as a low susceptibility to settlement on potentially significant impact	ially Significant Impact han Significant With Mitigation orated  nificant Impact: The project is locate known active-fault zone as defined with Active Fault Near-Source Zones in Couildings and structures, the project must-Chapter 16 Section 162- Earthquake ing Code. Section 162 requires a soil or a building or grading permit. Therefore it from the exposure of people or structures are suit of this eismic-related ground failure, including itally Significant Impact when Significant With Mitigation orated  nificant Impact: The project site is located as identified in the County Guideling are as identified in the County Guideling are as identified in the County Guideling are as identified in the Department of Plan Review Number 07-09-008, has deter as low susceptibility to settlement and no potentially significant impact from laverse effects from a known area suscended and Significant Impact and Significant Impact when Significant Impact from laverse effects from a known area suscended and Significant Impact when Significant Impact and Significant Impact when Significant Impact when Significant Impact when Significant Impact and Significant Impact when Significant Impa			

Less Than Significant Impact:: The project site is not within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the *Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA* (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone. Since the project is not located within an identified Landslide Susceptibility Area and the geologic environment has a low probability to become unstable, the project would have a less than significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from landslides.

b)	İ	Result in substantial soil erosion or the l	oss of	f topsoil?
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact**: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as FaD2-Fallbrook sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded, that has a soil erodibility rating of "moderate" **and/or** "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Stormwater Management Plan dated July 10, 2007, prepared by Michael L. Benesh, Professional Engineer. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: silt fence, fiber rolls, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, and any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION

C)

PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

Will the project produce unstable geological conditions that will result in adverse

	collapse?	sprea	ading, subsidence, liquelaction of			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
gradin order t site) a Report evalua buildin propos Buildir Buildir For fur	Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project involves 900 cubic yards of grading that would result in the creation of areas of cut and areas underlain by fill. In order to assure that any proposed buildings (including those proposed on the project site) are adequately supported (whether on native soils, cut or fill), a Soils Engineering Report is required as part of the Building Permit process. This Report would evaluate the strength of underlying soils and make recommendations on the design of building foundation systems. The Soils Engineering Report must demonstrate that a proposed building meets the structural stability standards required by the California Building Code. The report must be approved by the County prior to the issuance of a Building Permit. With this standard requirement, impacts would be less than significant. For further information regarding landslides, liquefaction, and lateral spreading, refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., iii-iv listed above.					
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks t					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soils onsite are FaD2-Fallbrook sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded. However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils. Therefore, these soils will not create substantial risks to life or property.

e)	alternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?	•	•
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves the addition of two septic systems, one located on each proposed parcel. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego. Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on November 23, 2009. Therefore, the project has soils capable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems as determined by the authorized, local public agency. In addition, the project will comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 6, Div. 8, Chap. 3, Septic Tanks and Seepage Pits.

### VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes or through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

to have been subject to a release of hazardous substances and, as a result,

would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation No Impact Incorporated

**No Impact:** Based on a site visit and regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet

of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

d)	For a project located within an airport land not been adopted, within two miles of a the project result in a safety hazard for parea?	public	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Comp Admir const safety	<b>npact:</b> The proposed project is not located patibility Plan (ALUCP), an Airport Influence instration Height Notification Surface. Also ruction of any structure equal to or greated hazard to aircraft and/or operations from the ct will not constitute a safety hazard for performance.	ce Are o, the r than an ai	a, or a Federal Aviation project does not propose 150 feet in height, constituting a rport or heliport. Therefore, the
e)	For a project within the vicinity of a private safety hazard for people residing or wor		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
result	<b>npact:</b> The proposed project is not within , the project will not constitute a safety ha  trea.		
f)	Impair implementation of or physically in response plan or emergency evacuation		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The fo	ollowing sections summarize the project's	consi	stency with applicable emergency

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

# ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

#### iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

**No Impact:** The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

# iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

#### v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

**No Impact:** The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is not located within a dam inundation zone.

g) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
ss T	han Significant Impact: The proposed	proje	ct is adjacent to wildlands that ha

Les the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, Tentative Parcel Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated June 15, 2007, and a letter from the Valley Center Fire Protection District approving the Fire Protection Plan dated November 4, 2009 have been received. The conditions from the Valley Center Fire Protection District include: annexation into the Valley Center Fire Protection District Community Facilities, addition of fire hydrants, fire-resistant buildings, residential fire sprinklers, vegetation management, and 100' of fire clearing. The Fire Service Availability Letter indicates the expected emergency travel time to the project site to be within 5 minutes. The Maximum Travel Time allowed pursuant to the County Public Facilities Element is 10 minutes. Therefore, based on the review of the project by County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Valley Center Fire Protection District's conditions, the project is not anticipated to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area are required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A.

n)	foreseeable use that would substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are capable of transmitting significant public health diseases or nuisances?				
	1 Otertiany diginioant impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact		

**No Impact:** The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Michelle Conners on August 31, 2007, there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:					
	Violate any waste discharge requiremen				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
lot into each si a cul-de Plan for Manage with all be required by the sweeping construit material water construit grading and sha slope a meet with Develop (SDRW Jurisdict).	chan Significant Impact: The project progression of 2 parcels for single family homes. The progression of single family residence, widening and impressac, and driveways within each lot whim a Minor Projects. The project applicant hement Plan for Minor Projects, which determined to implement the following site designation of the entering storm water runing and vacuuming, stockpile management and vacuuming, stockpile management delivery and storage, spill prevention at conservation practices, paving and grind from slopes created incidental to construct a permit shall be protected by covering we call have vegetative cover reestablished with a prior to final building approval. These waste discharge requirements as required pment and Redevelopment Component (QCB Order No. 2001-01), as implement a constructional Urban Runoff Management Progressional Urban Runoff Management Progressional Urban Runoff Management Progressional Urban (SUSMP).	project proving charcoving charcoving charcoving charcoving monst chices. In the charcoving charcov	consists of grading for a pad for g Via Salvador (a private road) with quires a Stormwater Management ovided a copy of Stormwater trates that the project will comply. The project site proposes and will easures and/or source control ntial pollutants to the maximum BMP's: silt fences, fiber rolls, street blid waste management, stabilized avel bag berm, sandbag barrier, ntrol, concrete waste management, ation, and the understanding that and not subject to a major or minor astic or tarp prior to a rain event, 180 days of completion of the asures will enable the project to be Land-Use Planning for New San Diego Municipal Permit of the San Diego County		
Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.					
, I	Is the project tributary to an already impa Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, cou pollutant for which the water body is alre	ld the	project result in an increase in any		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		No Impact		

### Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact: The project lies in the Rincon hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, June 2007, although the mouth of the San Luis Rey impaired for coliform bacteria, no portion of the San Luis Rey River, which is tributary to the Pacific Ocean, is impaired. Constituents of concern in the San Luis Rey River watershed include coliform bacteria, nitrate, sediment, and pesticides.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: grading and construction of single family residences. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: silt fences, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, dewatering operations, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grind operation, and the understanding that any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm water Management Plan that details a

project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

<ul> <li>c) Could the proposed project cause or contribute to an exceedance of ap- surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation beneficial uses?</li> </ul>			
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the Rincon hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply; industrial service supply; freshwater replenishment; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: grading and construction of single family homes. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: silt fences, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, dewatering operations, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grind operation, and the understanding that any minor slopes created incidental to construction and not subject to a major or minor grading permit shall be protected by covering with plastic or tarp prior to a rain event, and shall have vegetative cover reestablished within 180 days of completion of the slope and prior to final building approval.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer

to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
No Impact: The project will obtain its water supply from the Valley Center Municipal Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.					
e)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of	strear	m or river, in a manner which would		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes 2-lot residential subdivision. As outlined in the Storm water Management Plan (SWMP) dated July 21, 2009 and prepared by MLB Engineering, the project will implement the following site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: vegetated swales, rock swale, and landscape areas. These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMP's that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream

drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

,	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact		
Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reason: based on a Drainage Study prepared by MLB Engineering, dated July 21, 2008, Drainage will be conveyed to either natural drainage channels or approved drainage facilities.					
Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding onor off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will not substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.					
<b>.</b>	Create or contribute runoff water which planned storm water drainage systems?		exceed the capacity of existing or		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
	Incorporated	<b>—</b>	·		

**Less Than Significant Impact**: The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. Based on a Drainage Study prepared by MLB Engineering, dated July 21, 2008, the project storm water runoff can be adequately transported offsite by the existing natural drainage channel to the south end of the project and from there, via overland natural drainage courses.

h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

Ш	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
polluted followin BMPs waximu stockpil dewater spill prepaying a incident protected cover recover reco	han Significant Impact: The project produced runoff: grading and construction of single site design measures and/or source could be employed such that potential pollum extent practicable: silt fences, fiber refer management, solid waste management in the propertions, gravel bag berm, sand evention and control, concrete waste manand grind operation, and the understance tall to construction and not subject to a med by covering with plastic or tarp prior to be destablished within 180 days of completical. Refer to VIII Hydrology and Water Quantion.	gle fan ontrol utants olls, st olls, st ag ba nager ding th najor co o a rai	nily homes. However, the BMPs and/or treatment control will be reduced in runoff to the reet sweeping and vacuuming, bilized construction entrance/exit, rrier, material delivery and storage, ment, water conservation practices, at any minor slopes created or minor grading permit shall be in event, and shall have vegetative the slope and prior to final building
F	Place housing within a 100-year flood ha Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Ra map, including County Floodplain Maps?	ite Ma	• •
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
<b>No Impact:</b> No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site therefore, no impact will occur.			
	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are redirect flood flows?	a stru	ctures which would impede or
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
-	eact: No 100-year flood hazard areas wee, no impact will occur.	ere id	entified on the project site;
•	Expose people or structures to a signification in the structure in the structures in the structure i	ant ris	k of loss, injury or death involving
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.				
,	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding as a result of the failure of a lev		, , ,	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.				
m)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflo	ow?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
i. ;	SEICHE			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.				

ii. TSUNAMI

**No Impact:** The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

#### iii. MUDFLOW

**Less Than Significant Impact:** Though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils. Unless upstream areas were to become completely denuded in an event such as a fire, mudflow would not present a substantial risk to the planned building pad areas at the site. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:				
a) Ph	nysically divide an established commu	nity?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation neorporated	V	No Impact	
major roa	ct: The project does not propose the ladways or water supply systems, or utid project will not significantly disrupt or	lities t	o the area. Therefore, the	
jui pla	onflict with any applicable land use pla risdiction over the project (including, bu an, local coastal program, or zoning or roiding or mitigating an environmental	ut not dinan	limited to the general plan, specific ce) adopted for the purpose of	
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy 1.3 Estate Development Area and General Plan Land Use Designation (17) Estate Residential. The General Plan requires minimum gross parcel sizes of 2 acres, and not more than 1 dwelling unit per two acres. The proposed project has gross parcel sizes and density that are consistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the Valley Center Community Plan. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of the Valley Center Community Plan, such as preserving and enhancing the rural atmosphere, minimizing extensive grading, and avoiding ridgeline development. The current zone is (A70) Limited Agricultural, which requires a net minimum lot size of 2 acres. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.				
X. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
	esult in the loss of availability of a know lue to the region and the residents of t			
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The lands within the project site have not been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997); but the site is partially underlain by alluvium.

However, the project site is surrounded by densely developed land uses including single family residences, which are incompatible to future extraction of mineral resources on the project site. A future mining operation at the project site would likely create a significant impact to neighboring properties for issues such as noise, air quality, traffic, and possibly other impacts. Therefore, implementation of the project will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value since the mineral resource has already been lost due to incompatible land uses.

b)	Result in the loss of availability of a loca site delineated on a local general plan, s		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
an Ex Desig 2000) resou	npact: The project site is zoned (A70) Age tractive Use Zone (S-82) nor does it have nation (24) with an Extractive Land Use (a. Therefore, no potentially significant lose rece of locally important mineral resource general plan, specific plan or other land upt.	e an Ir Overla s of av	npact Sensitive Land Use y (25) (County Land Use Element, vailability of a known mineral ery (extraction) site delineated on a
XI. N a)	OISE Would the project result in:  Exposure of persons to or generation of established in the local general plan or rof other agencies?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project is a two lot subdivision and will be occupied by residential use. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan - Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where guiet is an important attribute. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours) and review by County Noise Specialist Emmet Aguino on January 28, 2010. The closest primary noise source to potentially impact the project site would be from future traffic on Mac Tan Road which is classified as a Light Collector road in the County Circulation Element Road. The proposed subdivision would be well distanced from future traffic from this roadway and would experience noise levels below the 60 dBA CNEL requirement. Interior noise levels would be below the 45 dBA requirement. No noise mitigation is necessary. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

## Noise Ordinance - Section 36.404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned A70 that has a one-hour average daytime sound limit of 50 dBA. Based on review by the County Noise Specialist Emmet Aquino on January 28, 2010, the project's noise levels are not anticipated to impact adjoining properties or exceed County Noise Standards. The project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line.

#### Noise Ordinance – Section 36.409

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.409). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36.409. It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM. The temporary noise sources to be generated by the project would be from grading operations preparing the site. Based on the preliminary grading plans, the project proposes a cut and fill of 900 cubic yards. The site is relatively flat with no proposed use of impulsive type of equipment. The grading operations would be temporary and as indicated by MLB Engineering, preparation of the site would take no longer than two months. Therefore, the project would comply with the County Noise Ordinance, Section 36.409.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.404 and 36.409) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or

construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?					
	]	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact	
	]	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes residences where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the facilities are typically setback more than 50 feet from any County Circulation Element (CE) roadway using rubber-tired vehicles with projected groundborne noise or vibration contours of 38 VdB or less; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 50 feet from the roadway centerline for heavy-duty truck activities would insure that these proposed uses or operations do not have any chance of being impacted significantly by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., <i>Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment</i> 1995, Rudy Hendriks, <i>Transportation Related Earthborne Vibrations</i> 2002). This setback insures that this project site will not be affected by any future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise related to the adjacent roadways.					
Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.					
Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.					
c)	c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
	]	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: Vehicular traffic on nearby roadways and activities associated with residential subdivisions. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or

planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.

The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increvicinity above levels existing without the		• •
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.

General construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.409), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36.409. It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. The temporary noise source to be generated by the project would be from grading operations preparing the site. Based on the preliminary grading plans, the project proposes a cut and fill of 900 cubic yards. The site is relatively flat with no proposed use of impulsive type of equipment. The grading operations would be temporary and as indicated by MLB Engineering, preparation of the site would take no longer than two months. Therefore, the project would comply with the County Noise Ordinance. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would

	the project expose people residing or wo noise levels?	orking	in the project area to excessive
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact
Plan (C	<b>pact:</b> The proposed project is not locate CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a pore, the project will not expose people resive airport-related noise levels.	ublic	airport or public use airport.
,	For a project within the vicinity of a priva people residing or working in the project		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
airstrip area to	pact: The proposed project is not locate; therefore, the project will not expose per excessive airport-related noise levels.  **DPULATION AND HOUSING** Would to the proposed project in the proposed project is not located.	eople	residing or working in the project
a)	Induce substantial population growth in a proposing new homes and businesses) extension of roads or other infrastructure	an are or ind	ea, either directly (for example, by
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area including, but limited to the following: new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; new commercial or industrial facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.			
,	Displace substantial numbers of existing of replacement housing elsewhere?	hous	ing, necessitating the construction
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

			Than Significant With Mitigation rporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
curr	No Impact: The proposed project will not displace existing housing since the site is currently vacant. The addition of two dwelling units will yield a net gain of available housing.				
C)		•	nce substantial numbers of people, ement housing elsewhere?	nece	ssitating the construction of
		Pote	entially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
			s Than Significant With Mitigation rporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
			The proposed project will not displet is currently vacant.	lace a	substantial number of people
XIII. a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
		i. ii. iii. iv. v.	Fire protection? Police protection? Schools? Parks? Other public facilities?		
		Less	entially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**No Impact:** Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: Valley Center Municipal Water District, Valley Center-Pauma Unified School District, and Valley Center Fire Protection District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment

because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

### XIV. RECREATION

<del></del>	<u> </u>		
a)	Would the project increase the use of exor other recreational facilities such that sacility would occur or be accelerated?		
	r otoritiany organicant impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact**: The project involves a residential minor subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

With regard to regional recreational facilities, there are over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive acreage of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation, the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant amount of regional recreational facilities will be available to County residents.

b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard
	established by the County congestion management agency and/or as identified
	by the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Program for designated
	roads or highways?

	, , ,	 Less than Significant Impact
V	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

## **Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated:**

#### CUMULATIVE IMPACTS:

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, State, and Federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 24 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the County that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

In order to mitigate its incremental contribution to significant cumulative traffic impacts, the proposed project will pay the TIF prior to obtaining building permits.

c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns levels or a change in location that resul	•	•		
[	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
not l	<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Influence Area and is not located within two miles of a public or public use airport; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns.				
	ubstantially increase hazards due to a de angerous intersections) or incompatible u	-	· •		
	<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Less Than Significant: The proposed project will not significantly alter traffic safety on Mac Tan Road. A safe and adequate sight distance shall be required in both directions along Mac Tan Road from Via Salvador, for the prevailing operating speed of traffic on Mac Tan Road, to the satisfaction of the Director of the Department of Public Works. All road improvements will be constructed according to the County of San Diego Public and Private Road Standards. Roads used to access the proposed project site are up to County standards. The proposed project will not place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly increase hazards due to design features or incompatible uses.

e) l	Result in inadequate emergency access	?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Less Than Significant: The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The Valley Center Fire Department has reviewed the proposed project and associated emergency access roadways and has determined that there is adequate emergency fire access proposed. Additionally, roads used will be required to be improved to County standards.				
f) I	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
<b>Less Than Significant Impact:</b> The Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two on-site parking spaces for each dwelling unit. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two on-site parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance.				
<b>O</b> /	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or parametransportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle	_	•	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Less Than Significant: The project does not propose any hazards or barriers for				

**Less Than Significant:** The project does not propose any hazards or barriers for pedestrians or bicyclists. Any required improvements will be constructed to maintain existing conditions as it relates to pedestrians and bicyclists.

**XVI. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS** -- Would the project:

,	Exceed wastewater treatment requireme Quality Control Board?	nts of	the applicable Regional Water	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
on-site involve must of standar Water permits spaced (DEH) incorpord DEH, I Proces 2009.	Fhan Significant Impact: The project preserved wastewater systems (OSWS), also knowns on-site wastewater systems located or conform to the Regional Water Quality Courds, including the Regional Basin Plan at Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to so for OSWS "to ensure that systems are ad, constructed and maintained." The RW y have authorized the County of San Diegoto issue certain OSWS permits throughout orated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSW Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-sites and Design Criteria." DEH approved to Therefore, the project is consistent with RWQCB as determined by the authorized	wn as a cach antrol I had the author adequated by the WS layer the wather wathe	septic systems. The project parcel. Discharged wastewater Board's (RWQCB) applicable California Water Code. California prize a local public agency to issue ately designed, located, sized, with jurisdiction over San Diego partment of Environmental Health County and within the yout for the project pursuant to estewater Systems: Permitting piect's OSWS on November 23, astewater treatment requirements	
,	Require or result in the construction of ne facilities or expansion of existing facilities significant environmental effects?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
<b>No Impact:</b> The project does not include new or expanded water or wastewater treatment facilities. In addition, the project does not require the construction or expansion of water or wastewater treatment facilities. Based on the service availability forms received, the project will not require construction of new or expanded water or wastewater treatment facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate adequate water facilities are available to the project from Valley Center Municipal Water District. Therefore, the project will not require any construction of new or expanded facilities, which could cause significant environmental effects.				
,	Require or result in the construction of ne expansion of existing facilities, the const environmental effects?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	

Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation 🔽	No Impact		
<b>No Impact:</b> The project does not include new or expanded storm water drainage facilities. Moreover, the project does not involve any landform modification or require any source, treatment or structural Best Management Practices for storm water. Therefore, the project will not require any construction of new or expanded facilities, which could cause significant environmental effects.				
d) Have sufficient water supplies avai entitlements and resources, or are				
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated</li></ul>	ation	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Less Than Significant Impact: The project requires water service from the Valley Center Municipal Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Valley Center Water District has been provided, indicating adequate water resources and entitlements are available to serve the requested water resources. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.				
e) Result in a determination by the wa may serve the project that it has ac projected demand in addition to the	dequate cap	pacity to serve the project's		
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated</li></ul>	ation 🔽	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
<b>No Impact</b> : The proposed project will rely completely on an on-site wastewater system (septic system); therefore, the project will not interfere with any wastewater treatment provider's service capacity.				
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient project's solid waste disposal need	•	d capacity to accommodate the		
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated</li></ul>	ation	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

**Less Than Significant Impact:** Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the

Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

<b>O</b> /	Comply with federal, state, and local stawaste?	itutes	and regulations related to solid
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Less t	han Significant Impact: Implementation	n of th	ne project will generate solid waste

**Less than Significant Impact:** Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

XVII.	<u>MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFIC</u>	ANCE	
a)	Does the project have the potential to de substantially reduce the habitat of a fish wildlife population to drop below self-sus plant or animal community, substantially of a rare or endangered plant or animal major periods of California history or pre-	or wil stainir redu or elir	Idlife species, cause a fish or ng levels, threaten to eliminate a ce the number or restrict the range minate important examples of the
✓	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts. this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. Resources that have been evaluated as significant would be potentially impacted by the project, particularly Biology. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes: the

purchase habitat credit for the conservation of 1.8 acres of southern mixed chaparral habitat, located in the Northern Foothills Eco-region – OR – conservation of habitat of the same amount and type of land located in San Diego County as indicated in the Mitigated Negative Declaration, dated xxx, and no brushing, clearing and/or grading such that none will be allowed on proposed Parcels 1 and 2 during the breeding season of migratory birds. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

,	Does the project have impacts that are i considerable? ("Cumulatively considera a project are considerable when viewed projects, the effects of other current projects)?	ble" m in coi	neans that the incremental effects of nnection with the effects of past
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER	
Fruitvale Brown Tentative Parcel Map	TPM 20803	
Tentative Parcel Map 20661	TPM 20661	
Gilbert Tentative Parcel Map	TPM 20438	
Beers Tentative Parcel Map	TPM 21106	
Rabbit Run Tentative Map	TM 5478	
Sundance Ranch Tentative Map	TM 5403	
Hoag Major Use Permit	MUP 04-007	
Weekly Administrative Permit (2 <sup>nd</sup> dwelling unit)	AD 09-048	

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				
	1 Contiany eighnoant impact	_	Less than Significant Impact		
<b>√</b>	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to the following Transportation and Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes paying of Traffic Impact Fees (TIF). As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

# XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <a href="http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/">http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</a>. For State regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>. For County regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>. All other references are available upon request.

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- Biological Resources Report dated "revised" October 12, 2009 by Gretchen Cummings, PO Box 1209, Ramona, CA 92065
- Storm Water Management Plan dated July 21, 2009 by MLB Engineering, 2080 Wineridge Place, Ste A, Escondido, CA 92029
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#### **UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS**

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- California Integrated Waste Management Act. Public Resources Code, Division 30, Waste Management, Sections 40000-41956. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-78: Small Wastewater. (<a href="www.sdcounty.ca.gov">www.sdcounty.ca.gov</a>)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Annex T Emergency Water Contingencies, October 1992. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973.
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000.

- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77.
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System.
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.